

Williams' Lab Recipes

ANTIBIOTICS

1000x Ampicillin (sodium salt) 100mg/ml recipe

1. Measure out 1 g of Ampicillin tri hydrate
2. Add Milli-Q H₂O to 10 ml
3. Add ~.1 g of NaOH pellets (half pellet or more until Amp has dissolved)
 - You need to add an equal amount of NaOH moles to get Ampicillin into solution when using Ampicillin trihydrate. If Ampicillin is already a sodium salt, then disregard this step.
4. Sterilize solution by filtration through .2 micron filter on a syringe barrel
5. Aliquot and store @ -20 C (stocks last about 1 year at -20) in 1.5 ml tubes

1000x Kanamycin (50 mg/ml in H₂O)

1. Measure 0.5 g of kanamycin sulfate (Sigma-Aldrich, K1876-5G) into a 15 ml falcon tube.
2. Add milli-Q to 10 ml
3. Sterilize solution by filtration through .2 micron filter on a syringe barrel
4. Aliquot and store @ -20C in 1.5 ml tubes

1000x Streptomycin (25 mg/ml in H₂O)

1. Measure out .25 g of Streptomycin sulfate (Sigma-Aldrich, S6501-5G)
2. Add Milli-Q H₂O to 10 ml
3. Sterilize solution by filtration through .2 micron filter on a syringe barrel
4. Aliquot and store @ -20 C in 1.5 ml tubes

MEDIA FORMULATIONS

Luria Broth (LB)

Tryptone	10 g
Yeast extract	5 g
Sodium chloride	10 g
dH ₂ O	to 1 L

Adjust pH to 7.5 with 5 N NaOH and autoclave.

LB-Amp Plates (make in large 2 L Erlenmeyer flask)

Tryptone	10 g
Yeast extract	5 g
Sodium chloride	10 g
Agar	20 g
dH ₂ O	to 1 L

Adjust pH to 7.5 with NaOH and autoclave.

When the solution cools to about 55°C, add 1mL of ampicillin (100 mg/mL) and pour (about 25 mL each) into clean plates, and allow to cool.

2X YT Media (for protein expression in *E. coli*)

~900 mL ddH₂O
16 g Bacto Tryptone
10 g Bacto Yeast Extract
5 g NaCl
Adjust pH to 7
Adjust volume to 1 L, divide volume into 500 mL bottles
Sterilize in autoclave

PROTEASE INHIBITORS

PMSF (100 mM in Isopropanol) * Very Toxic *****

1. In 200 ml beaker, add 2 g of PMSF (174.19 g/mole; Fisher PI36978)
2. Working in hood, add stir bar and 114.94 ml of isopropanol
3. Using stirplate, mix until dissolved.
4. Aliquot into 2 ml tubes and store at -20 C.

DNA GEL ELECTROPHORESIS

2-log DNA ladder

Recipe for one tube of 2-log DNA ladder (NEB; Cat. No. N3200L) has 500 ug of DNA ladder in 500 ul.

1. Add entire 500 ul of ladder to a 15 ml tube.
 2. Add 750 ul of 10X Cresol Red loading to the 15 ml tube.
 3. Add 3.75 ml of sterile milli-Q to the 15 ml tube, then mix, then spin down briefly
 4. Aliquot in 250 ul or 500 ul aliquots to 1.5 mL tubes and store at -20C for long term storage.
- * For a typical gel, loading 10 ul comes out to 1 ug of ladder, the amount shown on the NEB product web page.

FOOTPRINTING AND GEL SHIFT ASSAYS

2X General Footprint Buffer

(50 mL recipe; 50 mM HEPES pH 7.9, 100 mM KCl, 1 mM DTT, 12.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.05 mM EDTA, 17% Glycerol)

(1) To a 50 mL Conical Tube, add:

2.5 ml of 1.0 M HEPES (pH 7.9)

5 ml of 1.0 M KCl

50 µl of 1.0 M DTT

625 µl of 1.0 M MgCl₂

5 ml of 0.5 M EDTA

17 ml of 50% Glycerol

19.82 ml of milli-Q

(2) Cap conical tube and mix thoroughly.

(3) Filter sterilize buffer solution

(4) Label tube and store at -20°C (might be wise to divide into several smaller aliquots, 10-15mL)

1M HEPES, pH 7.9

HEPES has a FW of 238.30 g/mole (Sigma-Aldrich Cat.#H3375)

1. Dissolve 11.92 g HEPES in 40 ml milli-Q
2. Add 5 N NaOH with stirring until pH is 7.9
3. Adjust volume to 50 ml with milli-Q and sterile filter.
4. Store solution at 4°C in the dark (cover with aluminum foil) to prevent break down into hydrogen peroxide

GST-Fusion Protein Elution Buffer (50 mL recipe)

(75 mM HEPES pH 7.9 (or 7.4), 150 mM NaCl, 10 mM (20 mM) reduced glutathione, 5 mM DTT, 0.1% Triton X-100)

1. Measure out 0.15366 (0.3073) g of reduced glutathione (307.32 g/mole; Cat.#G4251) and add to a 50 mL tube. (0.16 g is acceptable)
2. Add 3.75 mL of 1 M HEPES pH 7.9
3. Add 1.5 mL of 5 M NaCl
4. Add 250 µL of 1.0 M DTT (stored at -20°C)
5. Add 500 µL of 10% Triton X-100
6. Add milli-Q (~44 mL) to bring volume to 50 mL
7. Filter sterilize after dissolving glutathione and aliquot 10mL into each of 5 15 mL tubes.
8. Store aliquots at -20°C (Can be stored for at least 4 months without becoming significantly oxidized).

PROTEIN GELS

Coomassie Staining Solution (500 ml)

1 g Coomassie Brilliant Blue R-250
150 ml of methanol
50 ml of acetic acid

300 ml of milli-Q

1X SDS gel loading buffer (50 mM Tris-CL pH 6.8, 2% SDS, 0.1% bromophenol blue, 10% glycerol, 1% betamercaptoethanol - BME)

To make 40 ml in a 50 ml conical tube

Add 8 ml of 50% glycerol
2 ml of 1.0 M Tris pH 6.8
8 ml of 10% SDS solution
0.04 g of bromophenol blue (this is very blue, try not to get it on your clothes)

Store at room temperature

** Add BME to a small aliquot just before the loading buffer is used

1.5 M Tris pH 8.8 (for separating gels)

Recipe for 500ml

- (1) To 400 ml of milli-Q water add 90.86g of Trizma Base (FW = 121.14 g Trizma) and dissolve
- (2) Bring pH down to 8.8 (from 10.5) by drop-wise addition of concentrated HCl.
- (3) Adjust volume of solution to 500 ml with milli-Q water and autoclave (or sterile filter).

1.0 M Tris pH 6.8 (for stacking gels)

Recipe for 500ml

- (1) To 400 ml of milli-Q water add 60.57g of Trizma Base (FW = 121.14 g Trizma) and dissolve
- (2) Bring pH down to 6.8 (from 10.5) by drop-wise addition of concentrated HCl.
- (3) Adjust volume of solution to 500 ml with milli-Q water and autoclave (or sterile filter).

5X Tris-glycine running buffer

Add to 800 mL of milli-Q

15.1 g Tris base

94 g glycine

50 mL 10% SDS

After dissolving, bring volume up to 1000 mL with milli-Q

10X Transfer Buffer (for western blotting)

30.3 g Tris base

144 g glycine

Bring to 1 L in milli-Q

* for use mix 100 mL 10X Transfer buffer with 200 mL of methanol and 700 mL milli-Q

2X Sample Buffer (6% SDS, 20% glycerol, 10% 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.025% bromphenol blue, 125 mM Tris HCl pH 6.8, 2 mM EDTA)

To make 10 ml:

6.00 ml of 10% SDS solution

2.00 ml of 100% Glycerol

1.25 ml of 1 M Tris (pH 6.8)

40.0 ul of 0.5 M EDTA

250 ul of 1% bromophenol blue

460 ul of milli-Q

To make 40 ml:

24.00 ml of 10% SDS solution

8.00 ml of 100% Glycerol

5.00 ml of 1 M Tris (pH 6.8)

160.0 ul of 0.5 M EDTA

1.0 ml of 1% bromophenol blue

1.84 ml of milli-Q

***** Add 2-mercaptoethanol to 5% just prior to use *****

***** 1% bromophenol blue is 0.1 g in 10 ml of milli-Q *****

GENERAL USE SOLUTIONS

IPTG stock solution (0.1M)

1.2g IPTG

Add Milli-Q water to 50ml final volume.

Filter sterilize and store at 4°C.

PBS (1X), pH 7.4

NaCl 8 g
KCl 0.2 g
Na₂HPO₄ 1.44 g
KH₂PO₄ 0.24 g
dH₂O to 1 L

Autoclave the solution.

PBS (10X), 4 Liters

1. Fill large beaker with 3 L of Milli-Q ddH₂O

2. Add and mix:

320 g NaCl

8 g KCl

57.6 g Na₂HPO₄ (dibasic) anhydrous

9.6 g KH₂PO₄ (monobasic) anhydrous

3. pH to 7.4 using 5N NaOH

4. measure in graduated cylinder and add to carboy

5. add needed volume of Milli-Q ddH₂O to carboy to bring final volume to 4 L.

6. autoclave to sterilize

Sodium Azide (warning - very dangerous, take precautions)

To make a 10% stock solution of sodium azide, dissolve 10 g of sodium azide in 100 ml of distilled H₂O. Store at 4 degrees.

* Add Sodium Azide to a final concentration of 0.05% to prevent contamination: 5ul of 10% stock per 1 ml).

STE buffer (10 mM Tris pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA)

To make 500 ml:

5.00 ml of Tris pH 8.0

15.0 mL of 5 M NaCl

500 ul of 0.5 M EDTA

479.5 ml of milli-Q

***** Store at 4 degrees to keep cold for protein purifications *****

TBE (5X) buffer

54.0 g Tris base
27.5 g Boric acid
20 mL 0.5M EDTA
Fill with milli-Q for a total volume of 1000 mL

Autoclave on liquid cycle

TE (10 mM Tris-HCL and 1 mM EDTA pH 8)

1. Add 5 ml of 1M Tris-HCL (pH 7.4, 7.6, or even 8)
2. Add 1 ml of 0.5M EDTA pH 8
3. Add 494 ml of Milli-Q
4. Filter sterilize

TMNT Staining Buffer (100 mM Tris HCl pH 9.5, 50 mM MgCl₂, 100 mM NaCl, and 0.1% Tween-20)

For 500 ml

1. add 50 mL of 1M Tris HCl pH 9.5
2. add 25 mL of 1M MgCl₂
3. add 10 mL of 5M NaCl
4. add 500ul of Tween-20
5. add 414.5 ml of milli-Q

1M Tris-HCL pH 9.5

Recipe for 500 ml

To 400 ml of milli-Q water add 60.57 g of Trizma (FW = 121.14 g Trizma) and dissolve.

Bring pH down to 9.5 (from 10.5) by drop-wise addition of concentrated HCl. Adjust volume of solution to 500 ml with milli-Q water and sterile filter or autoclave.

TBST

10 mL Tris pH 8.0
30 mL 5 M Na Cl
1 mL Tween 20

Bring to 1 L in milli-Q

TAE (50X) Stock Solution

For each liter of solution:

242 g Tris Base (MW=121.1)

57.1 mL Glacial Acetic Acid (Glacial just means nearly pure – from Wikipedia)

100 mL 0.5 M EDTA pH 8

1. mix Tris with stir bar to dissolve in about 600 mL of ddH₂O.
2. add the EDTA and Acetic Acid.
3. bring final volume to 1 L with ddH₂O.
4. Do not autoclave, and store at room temperature.

TAE (20x) Stock Solution

For each liter of solution:

96.8 g Tris Base (MW=121.1) or Trizma Base (Sigma product)

22.84 mL Glacial Acetic Acid (Glacial just means nearly pure – from Wikipedia)

40 mL 0.5 M EDTA pH 8

1. mix Tris with stir bar to dissolve in about 600 mL of ddH₂O (Milli-Q).
2. add the EDTA and Acetic Acid.
3. bring final volume to 1 L with ddH₂O (Milli-Q).
4. Do not autoclave, and store at room temperature (Large Carboy).

X-Gal (2ml)

100mg 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl- β -D-galactoside

Dissolve in 2ml N,N'-dimethylformamide.

Cover with aluminum foil

and store at -20°C.

Last Updated On 02/24/14